# **WEST Search History**

DATE: Tuesday, December 09, 2003

Set Name side by side	Query	Hit Count	Set Name result set
DB=USPT,F	PGPB,JPAB,EPAB,DWPI,TDBD; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ	r	
L3	L2 same (key or cipher)	11	L3
L2	L1 same encod\$3	41	L2
Ll	generat\$3 with watermark with bit	152	L1

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

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watermark bit" encoding scrambling

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Searched the web for "watermark bit" encoding scrambling.

Results 1 - 5 of 5. Search took 0.08 seconds

### [PDF] "FRAGILE WATERMARKING OF THREE-DIMENSIONAL OBJECTS"

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... ii) that decoding is based on a verification key, and (iii) that encoding is based ... the bit K p . This bit value should match the watermark bit at location ... clip.informatik.uni-leipzig.de/ ~toelke/Watermark/ta10\_12.pdf - Similar pages

### [PDF] An introduction to digital watermarking & its applications

File Format: PDF/Adobe Acrobat - View as HTML

... Basic watermarking model Encoding, error correction, modulation Payload (P) ( n bits ... 1012 frames for DVD video) Fixed cover, random watermark Bit error rate ... www.isg.rhul.ac.uk/msc/teaching/ opt5/slides/watermarking.pdf - Similar pages

### [PDF] Optimal differential energy watermarking of DCT encoded images ...

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... blocks used to embed a single watermark bit, and the ... maximizing the robustness against re-encoding and for ... protection of the data through scrambling or encryp ... - www-it.et.tudelft.nl/~inald/pubs/Watermarking/ Optimal%20differential%20energy%20watermarking%202001.pdf Similar pages

#### SPIE Proceedings Vol. 4314

... To retrieve the embedded watermark bit, the block in the ... Scrambling is a common approach used by conditional access ... uses the same key for encoding and decoding ... www.spie.org/web/abstracts/4300/4314.html - 101k - Cached - Similar pages

#### [PDF] Stavanger University College

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... first be modified. DRM-system provides several forms of encoding methods.

and these depend on the value of the media. One form is ...

www1.his.no/prosjekt/sikt/ SIKT-rapporter%5CSIKT-report-no4-140802ok.pdf - Similar pages

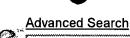
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watermark bit" encoding chaotic

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Searched the web for "watermark bit" encoding chaotic Results 1 - 8 of about 10. Search took 0.17 seconds.

### [PDF] <u>"FRAGILE WATERMARKING OF THREE-DIMENSIONAL</u> OBJECTS"

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... ii) that decoding is based on a verification key, and (iii) that encoding is based ... the bit K p . This bit value should match the watermark bit at location ... clip.informatik.uni-leipzig.de/~toelke/Watermark/ta10 12.pdf - Similar pages

### Citations: Rotation, scale and translation invariant digital ...

... This is done when the corresponding watermark bit equals 1 ... decoding, labeling and finally re encoding the data ... Chaotic Watermarks for Embedding in the Spatial ... citeseer.nj.nec.com/context/461510/183296 - 27k - Cached - Similar pages

### [PDF] CMK D54 final 1 Project Number: IST- 1999 - 10987 Project Title: ...

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... error rate using chaotic maps (AUTh) ....15 ... depending on the encoding bit rate ... watermarked, the effective watermark bit rate (ie ... vision.unige.ch/certimark/public/ DOCS/deliverable/CMK D54.pdf - Similar pages

#### SPIE Proceedings Vol. 3657

... 44) \* Digital watermarking systems with chaotic sequences (Paper ... of the quantizer used in re-encoding, the number ... used to embed a single watermark bit, and the ... www.spie.org/web/abstracts/3600/3657.html - 86k - Cached - Similar pages

# грргі IMP/I4062/a ? 1999 Imprimatur Services Ltd file:4079.doc 1 ...

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... 1 xS 2; a spatial transformation called toral automorphism is iteratively applied. producing a watermark of size M 1 xM 2 presenting a chaotic reallocation of ... www.imprimatur.net/IMP\_FTP/about\_watermarking.pdf - Similar pages

## [PDF] IMP/I4062/a file:4062a.doc 1 IMPRIMATUR Workpackage 4 ...

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... in that once the codemark is known, it is much easier for an attacker to remove it or to make it unreadable, for example by inverting the encoding process or ... www.imprimatur.net/IMP\_FTP/watermarking.pdf - Similar pages

# [PDF] Multimedia watermarking techniques - Proceedings of the IEEE

File Format: PDF/Adobe Acrobat - View as HTML

... pseudorandom signal with low amplitude, compared to the image amplitude, and usually with spatial distribution of one information (ie, watermark) bit over many ... www.Int.de/~hartung/ProcIEEEHartungKutter.pdf - Similar pages

#### [PS] Error-correction using Low-Density

File Format: Adobe PostScript - View as Text

... When used in turbo encoding, the systematic bits produced by one of the convolutional ... 5 we present evidence that such feedback can lead to chaotic dynamics in ... www.inference.phy.cam.ac.uk/ mcdavey/papers/davey\_phd.ps - Similar pages

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"watermark bit" encoding "digital signal"

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Searched the web for "watermark bit" encoding "digital signal". Results 1 - 7 of about 8. Search took 0:15 seco

### [PDF] Digital Audio Watermarking

File Format: PDF/Adobe Acrobat - View as HTML

1 Digital Audio Watermarking E4810 – Digital Signal Processing December 12 ... which

was used to do the **encoding**. ... then the encoded **watermark bit** is interpreted as ... www.ee.columbia.edu/~dpwe/e4810/projects/pbc2003/

dsp\_project/dsp\_project\_final.pdf - Similar pages

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# [PDF] Digital Watermarking of Audio Signals using a Psychoacoustic A

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... This information is useful for other applications involving auditory models.

The spread spectrum  ${f encoding}$  and decoding processes are then presented. ...

web.media.mit.edu/~rago/publications/ragoAES1999.pdf - Similar pages

# [PDF] Scalar costa scheme for information embedding - Signal Processing ...

File Format: PDF/Adobe Acrobat - View as HTML

... In Section II, SCS is derived formally, and the encoding and decoding process is

outlined. Theoretical performance limits of SCS are derived in Section III. ...

www.stanford.edu/~bgirod/pdfs/EggersTrans\_SP2003.pdf - Similar pages

# [PDF] Joachim J. Eggers Telecommunications Laboratory University of ...

File Format: PDF/Adobe Acrobat - View as HTML

... For (A), coded modulation is applied for a rate of 1 watermark bit per host-data

element, which is interesting for information-hiding applica- tions. ...

www.lnt.de/~eggers/texte/ei2001.pdf - Similar pages

# [PDF] Multimedia watermarking techniques - Proceedings of the IEEE

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... pseudorandom signal with low amplitude, compared to the image amplitude, and usually with spatial distribution of one information (ie. watermark) bit over many

with spatial distribution of one information (ie, watermark) bit over many ...

www.lnt.de/~hartung/ProcIEEEHartungKutter.pdf - Similar pages

#### SPIE Proceedings Vol. 4314

... To retrieve the embedded watermark bit, the block in ... which uses different keys for encoding and decoding ... so far used either digital signal processing software ...

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... first be modified. DRM-system provides several forms of encoding methods.

and these depend on the value of the media. One form is ...

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"watermark bit" encoding "digital signal" Google Search Search

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US-PAT-NO: 5862260

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5862260 A

TITLE: Methods for surveying dissemination

of proprietary

empirical data

----- KMIC -----

US Patent No. - PN (1): 5862260

Detailed Description Text - DETX (364):

It will be appreciated that the creators of objects 1006 having embedded URL

addresses or indices (which objects may be referred to as "hot objects") and

the manufacturers hoping to advertise their goods and services can now spread

their creative content like dandelion seeds in the wind across the WWW, knowing

that embedded within those seeds are links back to their own home page.

Detailed Description Text - DETX (372):

It will be appreciated that the present embodiment provides an immediate and

common sense mechanism whereby some of the fundamental building blocks of the

WWW, namely images and sound, can also become hot links to other web sites.

Also, the programming of such hot objects can become fully automated merely

through the distribution and availability of images and audio. No real web

site programming is required. The present embodiment provides for the

commercial use of the WWW in such a way that

non-programmers can easily spread

their message merely by creating and distributing creative content (herein, hot

objects). As noted, one can also transition web based hot links themselves

from a more arcane text based interface to a more natural image based interface.

Detailed Description Text - DETX (420):

FIG. 29 shows the example of six spots in each quadrant along the 45 degree

lines, 1002. These are exaggerated in this figure, in that these spots would

be difficult to discern by visual inspection of the UV plane image. A rough

depiction of a "typical" power spectrum of an arbitrary image as also shown,

1004. This power spectrum is generally as unique as images are unique. The

subliminal graticules are essentially these spots. In this example, there are

six spatial frequencies combined along each of the two 45 degree axes. The

magnitudes of the six frequencies can be the same or different (we'll touch

upon this refinement later). Generally speaking, the phases of each are

different from the others, including the phases of one 45 degree axis relative

to the other. FIG. 31 depicts this graphically. The phases in this example

are simply randomly placed between PI and -PI, 1008 and 1010. Only two axes

are represented in FIG. 31--as opposed to the four separate quadrants, since

the phase of the mirrored quadrants are simply PI/2 out of phase with their

mirrored counterparts. If we turned up the intensity on this subliminal

graticule, and we transformed the result into the image domain, then we would

see a weave-like cross-hatching pattern as related in the caption of FIG. 29.

As stated, this weave-like pattern would be at a very low intensity when added

to a given image. The exact frequencies and phases of the spectral components

utilized would be stored and standardized. These will become the "spectral

signatures" that registration equipment and reading processes will seek to measure.

Detailed Description Text - DETX (423):

Moving on to the gross summary of how the whole process works, the graticule

type of FIG. 29 facilitates an image processing search which begins by first

locating the rotation axes of the subliminal graticule, then locating the scale

of the graticule, then determining the origin or offset. The last step here

identifies which axes is which of the two 45 degree axes by determining phase.

Thus even if the image is largely upside down, an accurate determination can be

made. The first step and the second step can both be accomplished using only

the power spectrum data, as opposed to the phase and magnitude. The phase and

magnitude signals can then be used to "fine tune" the search for the correct

rotation angle and scale. The graticule of FIG. 30 switches the first two

steps above, where the scale is found first, then the rotation, followed by

precise determination of the origin. Those skilled in the art will recognize

that determining these outstanding parameters, along two axes, are sufficient

to fully register an image. The "engineering optimization challenge" is to

maximize the uniqueness and brightness of the patterns relative to their

visibility, while minimizing the computational overhead in reaching some

specified level of accuracy and precision in registration. In the case of

exposing photographic film and paper, clearly an additional engineering

challenge is the outlining of economic steps to get the patterns exposed onto

the film and paper in the first place, a challenge which has been addressed in previous sections.

Detailed Description Text - DETX (427): FIG. 33 depicts the first major "search" step in the registration process for graticules of the type in FIG. 29. A suspect image (or a scan of a suspect photograph) is first transformed in its fourier representation using well known 2D FFT routines. The input image may look like the one in FIG. 36, upper left image. FIG. 33 conceptually represents the case where the image and hence the graticules have not been rotated, though the following process fully copes with rotation issues. After the suspect image has been transformed, the power spectrum of the transform is then calculated, being simply the square root of the addition of the two squared moduli. It is also a good idea to perform a mild low pass filter operation, such as a 3.times.3 blur filter, on the resulting power spectrum data, so that later search steps don't need incredibly fine spaced steps. Then the candidate rotation angles from 0 through 90 degrees (or 0 to PI/2 in radian) are stepped through. Along any given angle, two resultant vectors are calculated, the first is the simple addition of power spectrum values at a given radius along the four lines emanating from the origin in each quadrant. The second vector is the moving average of the first vector. Then, a normalized power profile is calculated as depicted in both 1022 and 1024, the difference being that one plot is along an angle which does not align with the subliminal graticules, and the other plot does align. The normalization stipulates that the first vector is the numerator and the second vector is the denominator in the resultant vector. As can be seen in FIG. 33, 1022 and 1024, a series of peaks (which should be "six" instead of "five" as is drawn) develops when the angle aligns along its proper direction. Detection of

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these peaks can be effected by setting some threshold on the normalized values,

and integrating their total along the whole radial line. A plot, 1026, from 0

to 90 degrees is depicted in the bottom of FIG. 33, showing that the angle 45

degrees contains the most energy. In practice, this signal is often much lower

than that depicted in this bottom figure, and instead of picking the highest

value as the "found rotation angle," one can simply find the top few candidate

angles and submit these candidates to the next stages in the process of

determining the registration. It can be appreciated by those practiced in the

art that the foregoing was simply a known signal detection scheme, and that

there are dozens of such schemes that can ultimately be created or borrowed.

The simple requirement of the first stage process is to whittle down the

candidate rotation angles to just a few, wherein more refined searches can then take over.

Detailed Description Text - DETX (433):

In another variant embodiment, the graticule energy is not concentrated

around the 45 degree angles in the spatial frequency domain. (Some compression

algorithms, such as JPEG, tend to particularly attenuate image energy at this

orientation.) Instead, the energy is more widely spatially spread. FIG. 29A

shows one such distribution. The frequencies near the axes, and near the

origin are generally avoided, since this is where the image energy is most

likely concentrated.

Detailed Description Text - DETX (465):

The illustrated encoder 2036 operates on digitized voice data, auxiliary

data, and pseudo-random noise (PRN) data. The digitized voice data is applied

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at a port 2040 and is provided, e.g., from A/D converter 2018. The digitized voice may comprise 8-bit samples. The auxiliary data is

applied at a port 2042

and comprises, in one form of the technology, a stream of binary data uniquely

identifying the telephone 2010. (The auxiliary data may additionally include

administrative data of the sort conventionally exchanged with a cell site at

call set-up.) The pseudo-random noise data is applied at a port 2044 and can

be, e.g., a signal that randomly alternates between "-1" and "1" values. (More

and more cellular phones are incorporating spread spectrum capable circuitry,

and this pseudo-random noise signal and other aspects of this technology can

often "piggy-back" or share the circuitry which is already being applied in the

basic operation of a cellular unit).

Other Reference Publication - OREF (52):

Luc, "Analysis of Spread Spectrum System Parameters for Design of Hidden Transmission," Radioengineering, vol. 4, No. 2, Jun. 1995, pp. 26-29.

Other Reference Publication - OREF (98):
Pickholtz et al., "Theory of Spread-Spectrum
Communications--A Tutorial,"
Transactions on Communications, vol. COM-30, No. 5, May, 1982, pp. 855-884.

Other Reference Publication - OREF (107):
 Cox et al., "A Secure, Imperceptable Yet Perceptually Salient, Spread
Spectrum Watermark for Multimedia," IEEE, Southcon/96,
Conference Record, pp.
192-197, 1996.

Other Reference Publication - OREF (111):
 Cox et al., "Secure Spread Spectrum Watermarking for Multimedia," NEC

12/09/2003, EAST Version: 1.4.1

Research Institute Technical Report, Dec. 5, 1995, 33 pages.

	Туре	L #	Hits	Search Text	DBs	Time Stamp	Comment s
1	BRS	L1	1	5862260.pn.	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 15:49	
2	BRS	L2	1	ll and (generat\$3 with bit)	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 15:53	***************************************
3	BRS	L3	1	l1 and (generat\$3 with watermark)	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 16:06	
4	BRS	L4	0	l1 and (generat\$3 same watermark same bit)	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 15:54	
5	BRS	L5	0	ll and (watermark same bit)	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 15:55	
6	BRS	L6	0	ll and (encod\$3 with watermark)	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 16:07	
7	BRS	L8	0	<pre>11 and (encod\$3 same watermark same index\$3)</pre>	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 16:08	
8	BRS	ь7	1	l1 and (encod\$3 same watermark)	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 16:10	
9	BRS	L9	1	l1 and (encod\$3 same map)	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 16:13	
10	BRS	L10	0	l1 and (process\$3 near5 state)	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 16:14	
11	BRS	L11	0	ll and (process\$3 with state)	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 16:14	
12	BRS	L12	1	ll and (process\$3 same state)	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 16:16	
13	BRS	L13	1	l1 and (spread spectrum)		2003/12/0 9 16:18	
14	BRS	L14	0	l1 and (scrambl\$3 with generator)	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 16:19	
15	BRS	L15	0	ll and (chaotic with generator)	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 16:19	
16	BRS	L16	0	l1 and (scrambl\$3 same generator)	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 16:19	
17	BRS	L17	0	l1 and (chaotic same generator)	USPA T	2003/12/0 9 16:19	

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